

Mekong River Commission

Regional Flood Management and Mitigation Centre

Weekly Flood Situation Report for the Mekong River Basin

Prepared at: 13/10/2014, covering the week from the 06th October to the 13th October 2014

Weather Patterns, General Behaviour of the Mekong River and Flood Situation General weather patterns

During the week of <u>06th October to 13th October 2014</u> seven weather bulletins were issued by the Department of Meteorology (DOM) of Cambodia. The weather maps of the 06th October and 12th October 2014 are presented in the Figures 1 and 2 below:

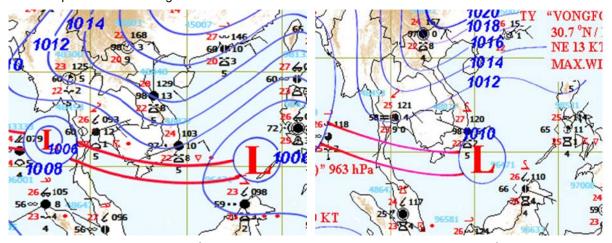


Figure 1: Weather map for 06th October 2014

Figure 2: Weather map for 12th October 2014

Moderate South-West (SW) Monsoon

No South-West Monsoon was active during last week. (Figure 1 and 2).

Inter Tropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ)

The Inter Tropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ) laid across the South of Thailand, the Gulf of Thailand and the lower South Cambodia and the South of Viet Nam during last week.

Tropical depressions (TD), tropical storms (TS) or typhoons (TY)

No TD, TS or TY was observed during last week.

Other weather phenomena that affect the discharge

Trough of low pressure laid across Myanmar, Thailand, Cambodia and the South of Viet Nam during last week.

Over weather situation

The weather of the last week was influenced by the Inter Tropical Convergence Zone (ITCZ) and trough of low pressure as mention above. Therefore, heavy scatter rainfalls had happened in some areas in the lower reaches of LMB. The accumulative weekly rainfall greater than 100 mm. are at Koh Khel (107.9 mm.) and Neak Luong (125.8 mm.). See Table A2 and Figure 3.

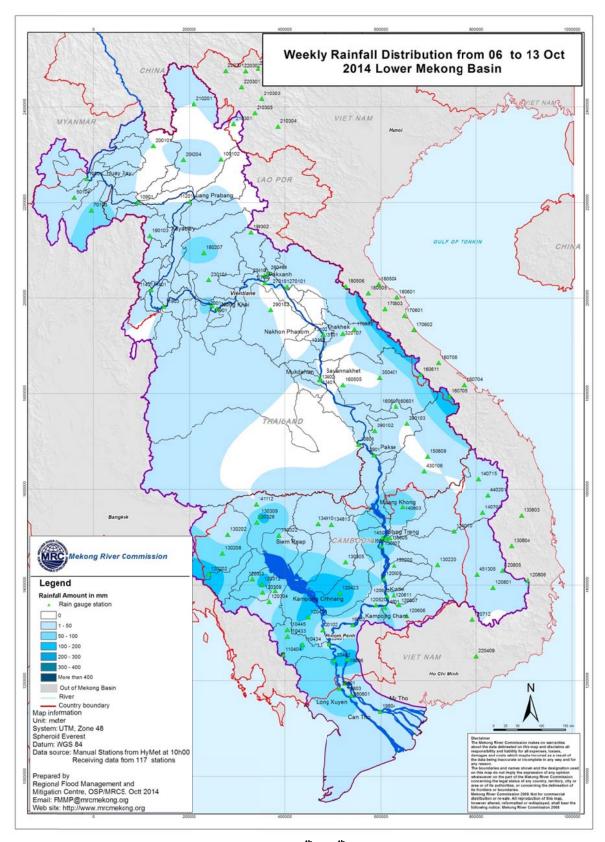


Figure 3: Weekly Rainfall Distribution from 06th - 13th October 2014 over the LMB

General behaviour of the Mekong River

During the last week, the water levels at all stations in LMB were recessing below the Long Term Average (LTA).

For stations from Chiang Saen and Luang Prabang

Compared to the long term average (LTA), the water levels at these stations were recessing below the LTA.

For stations from Chiang Khan, Vientiane and Nong Khai and Paksane

Compared to the long term average (LTA), the water levels at these stations were recessing below the LTA.

For stations from Thakhet/Nakon Phanom to Pakse

Compared to the long term average (LTA), the water levels at these stations were recessing below the LTA.

For stations from Stung Treng to Kompong Cham

Compared to the long term average (LTA), the water levels at these stations were recessing below the LTA.

For stations from Phnom Penh to Koh Khel/Neak Luong

Compared to the long term average (LTA), the water levels at these stations were recessing below the LTA.

Tan Chau and Chau Doc

Compared to the long term average (LTA), the water levels at these stations were recessing below the LTA.

Note: For areas between forecast stations, please refer to the nearest forecast station.

Flood Situation

Flood stage or alarm stage:

No alarm stage (where the forecast is expected to reach flood level within three days) was reported anywhere on the mainstream of the Mekong River during the last week. Water levels were still significantly below flood levels (as defined by the national agency) at all forecast stations.

For more details see the following annex:

- tables and graphs for water level and rainfall for the last week in Annex A
- a graph for accuracy in Annex B
- a table of forecast achievement in Annex B
- tables and graphs for performance in Annex B
- the water level graphs showing the observed water level for the season in Annex C

Annex A: Graphs and Tables

Table A1: observed water levels

Unit in m

2014	Jinghong	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
06/10	537.14	4.68	9.50	9.53	6.40	7.45	9.10	6.90	8.20	6.73	5.69	8.06	6.45	6.74	16.33	11.55	8.47	7.64	6.86	6.15	7.68	3.19	2.79
07/10	536.71	4.56	9.42	9.34	6.04	7.12	8.80	6.86	8.00	6.55	5.52	7.95	6.35	6.93	16.44	11.48	8.43	7.60	6.85	6.12	7.65	3.24	2.87
08/10	536.67	4.27	9.26	9.22	5.98	6.88	8.50	6.66	7.71	6.31	5.35	7.76	6.18	6.65	16.37	11.52	8.43	7.60	6.84	6.12	7.65	3.25	2.88
09/10	536.50	4.00	9.06	9.12	5.60	6.71	8.25	6.30	7.45	6.05	5.04	7.52	6.00	6.36	15.92	11.29	8.40	7.59	6.82	6.12	7.65	3.20	2.85
10/10	536.56	3.92	8.70	8.97	5.56	6.58	8.08	6.00	7.12	5.83	4.80	7.36	5.74	6.16	15.46	10.98	8.32	7.51	6.78	5.96	7.61	3.18	2.84
11/10	536.57	3.79	8.42	8.75	5.41	6.43	8.00	5.86	7.06	5.64	4.66	7.01	5.49	5.92	15.05	10.70	8.17	7.38	6.73	5.86	7.54	3.11	2.76
12/10	536.60	3.75	8.14	8.46	5.20	6.18	7.78	5.70	6.90	5.52	4.50	6.76	5.26	5.75	14.60	10.38	8.06	7.29	6.69	5.80	7.46	3.07	2.71
13/10	536.67	3.76	7.93	8.52	4.92	5.87	7.55	5.50	6.77	5.38	4.37	6.52	5.06	5.56	14.23	10.10	7.91	7.15	6.61	5.86	7.36	3.01	2.66

Table A2: observed rainfall

Unit in mm

2014	Jinghong	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
06/10	3.50	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	1.80	1.00	0.50	nr	0.00	10.40	15.50	59.00	12.20	4.60	-	35.20	34.20	11.50	3.70	9.00
07/10	0.00	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	32.50	nr	18.20	5.40	-	22.40	42.80	nr	0.00	0.00
08/10	0.00	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	-	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	3.00	nr	nr	nr	-	nr	0.00	nr	1.70	15.00
09/10	0.00	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	19.00	1.00	3.80	0.40	-	40.90	1.60	nr	1.60	28.20
10/10	0.00	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	nr	0.00	nr	5.60	-	3.80	0.00	nr	0.60	2.30
11/10	0.00	0.00	nr	0.00	68.40	12.60	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	nr	nr	nr	nr	-	nr	nr	nr	nr	1.00
12/10	0.00	0.00	nr	0.70	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	-	-	-	-	-	-	47.20	-	nr	-
13/10	0.00	18.80	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	0.00	nr	-	3.00	4.00	-	-	5.60	-	-	nr	-

Figure A1: Water level and rainfall for Jinghong, Chiang Saen, and Luang Prabang

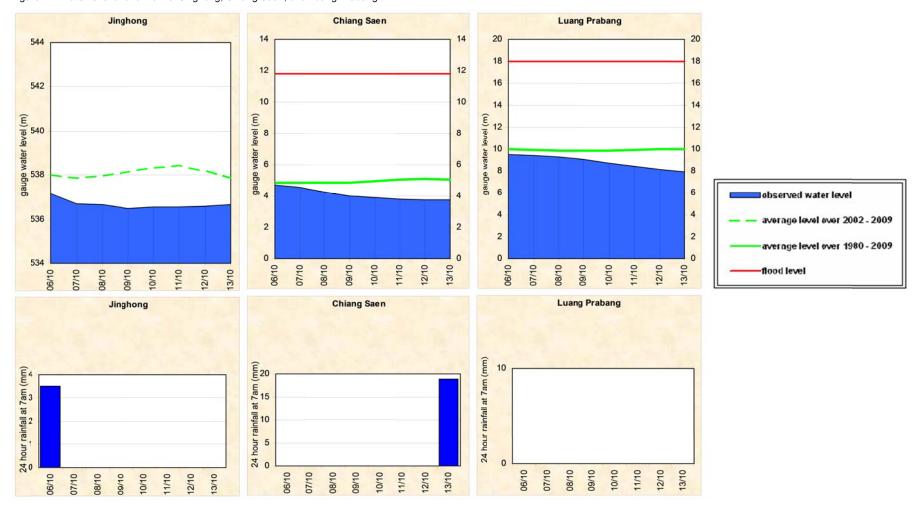


Figure A2: Water level and rainfall for Chiang Khan, Vientiane, Nongkhai, and Paksane

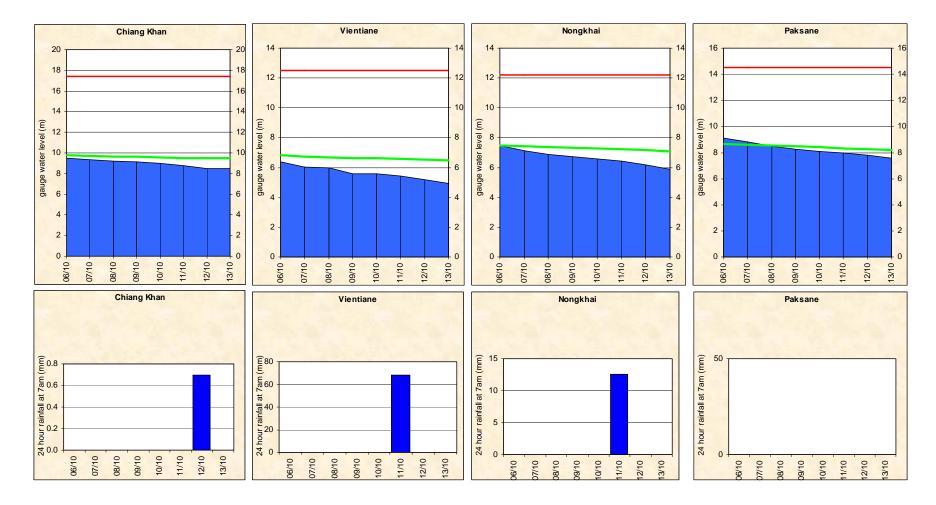


Figure A3: Water level and rainfall for Nakhon Phanom, Thakhek, Mukdahan and Savannakhet

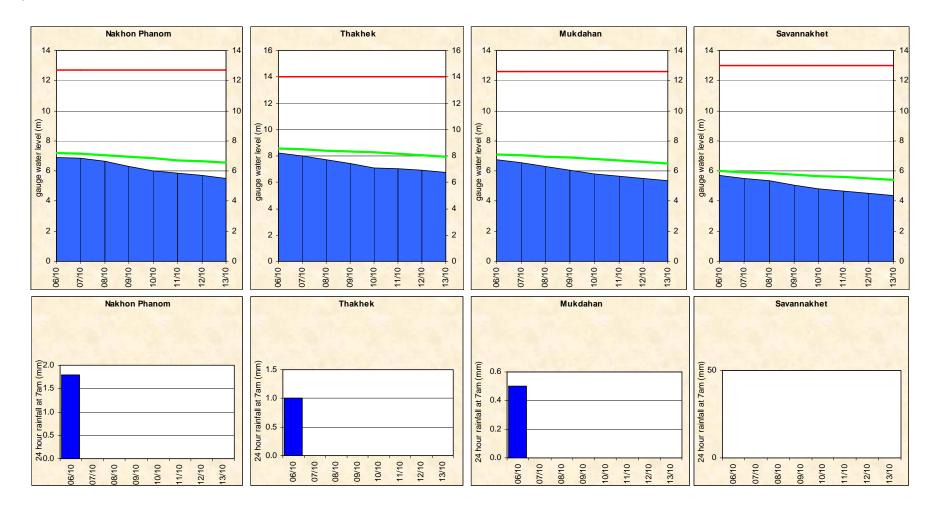


Figure A4: Water level and rainfall for Khong Chiam, Pakse, Stung Treng, and Kratie

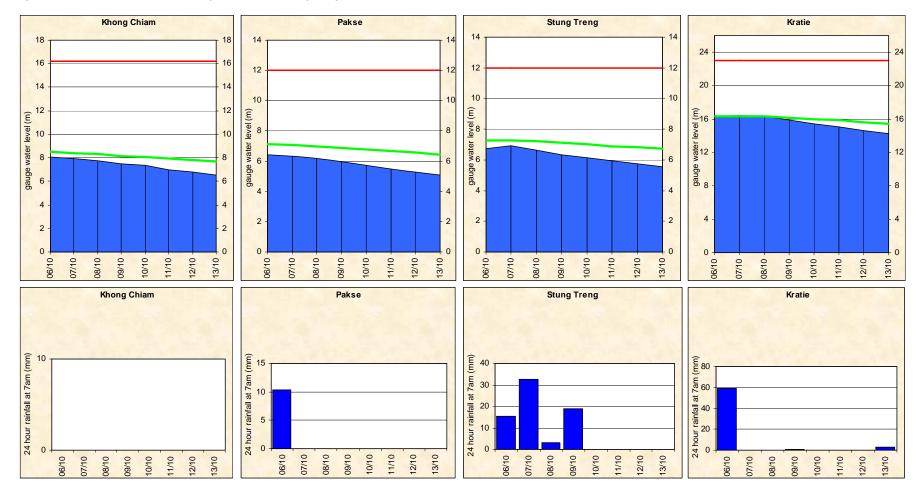


Figure A5: Water level and rainfall for Kompong Cham, Phnom Penh (Bassac and Port), and Koh Khel

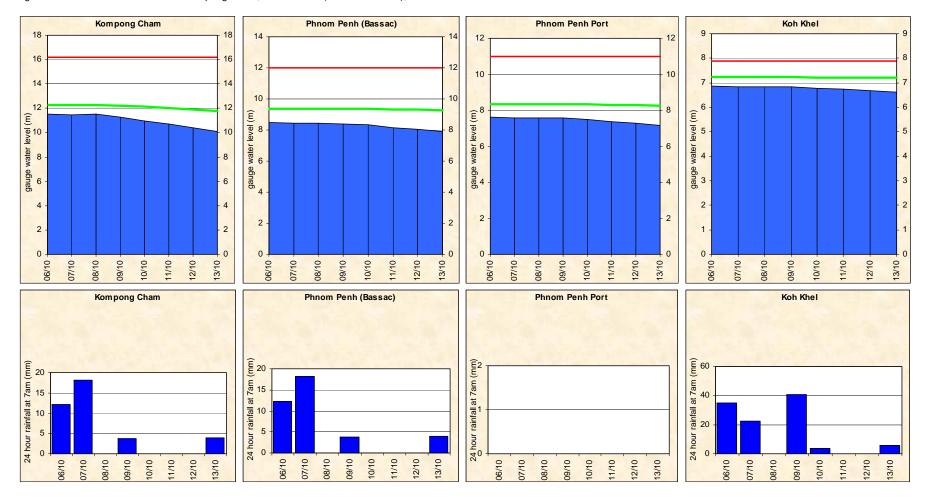
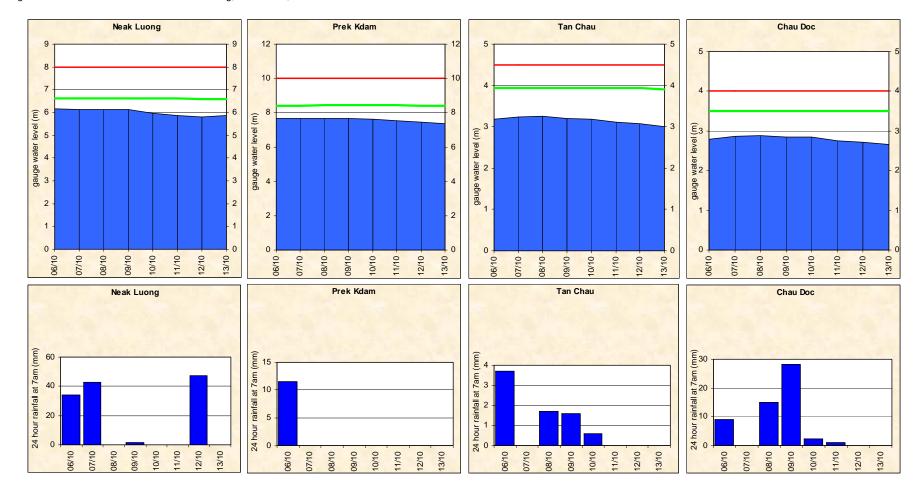


Figure A6: Water level and rainfall for Neak Luong, Prek Kdam, Tan Chau and Chau Doc



Annex B: Accuracy and performance

Accuracy

"Accuracy" describes the accuracy of the adjusted and published forecast, based on the results of the MRC Mekong Flood Forecasting System, which are then adjusted by the Flood Forecaster in Charge taking into consideration known biases in input data and his/her knowledge of the response of the model system and the hydrology of the Mekong River Basin. The information is presented as a graph below, showing the average flood forecasting accuracy along the Mekong mainstream.

In general, the overall accuracy is fairly good for 1-day to 5-day forecast lead time at stations

in the lower parts of the LMB. However, the accuracies at Strung Treng to Neak Luang for 3-day forecast were less than expected.

The above differences due to two main factors: (1) internal model functionality in forecasting; for which the parameter adjustment in the model is not possible especially at stations in the upper part and in the Mekong delta where are affected by tidal; (2) the adjustment by utilizing the practical knowledge and experience of flood forecaster-in-charge.

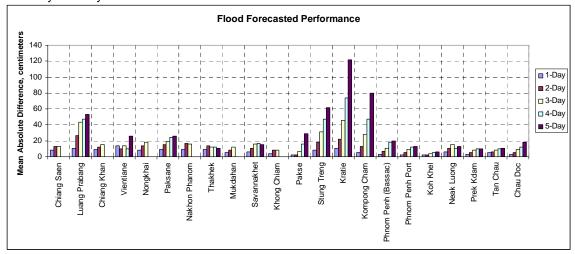


Figure B1: Average flood forecast accuracy along the Mekong mainstream

Remark: For Thailand mainstream stations only three (03) day forecasts are presented

Forecast Achievement

The forecast achievement indicates the % of days that the forecast at a particular station for a lead-time is successful against a respective benchmark (Table B2).

Table B1: Achievement of daily forecast against benchmarks

Unit in %

	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc	Average
1-day	100.0	100.0	100.0	42.9	71.4	71.4	71.4	71.4	100.0	85.7	85.7	100.0	71.4	71.4	85.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	71.4	100.0	85.7	100.0	85.7
2-day	100.0	83.3	100.0	83.3	83.3	100.0	66.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	83.3	83.3	83.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	50.0	100.0	66.7	83.3	89.4
3-day	100.0	80.0	100.0	100.0	60.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	40.0	60.0	100.0	40.0	80.0	60.0	60.0	77.3
4-day		75.0		100.0		75.0		100.0		100.0		100.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	25.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	50.0	25.0	81.8
5-day		66.7		100.0		66.7		100.0		100.0		100.0	33.3	33.3	33.3	66.7	66.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	84.8

Table B2: Benchmarks of success (Indicator of accuracy in mean absolute error)

Unit in cm

	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Thakhek	Mukdahan	Savannakhet	Khong Chiam	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Phnom Penh Port	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
1-day	25	25	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
2-day	50	50	50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
3-day	50	50	50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
4-day	75	75	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	10	25	10	25	25	10	10
5-day	75	75	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25

Note: An indication of the accuracy given in the Table B2 is based on the performance of the forecast made in 2008 from the new flood forecasting system and the configuration for the 2009 flood season and is published on the website of MRC (http://ffw.mrcmekong.org/accuracy.htm).

A new set of performance indicators that is established by combining international standards and the specific circumstances in the Mekong River Basin, is applied officially for the flood season of 2011 onward.

Performance

Performance is assessed by evaluating a number of performance indicators, see table and graphs below:

Table B3: Overview of performance indicators for the past 5 days including the current report date

	Flood Fo	orecast: ti	ime sent		Arrival time of input data (average)									Missing data (number)								
2014	FF completed and sent (time)	stations without forecast	FF2 completed and sent (time)	Weather informaition available (number)	NOAA data	China	Cambodia - DHRW	Cambodia - DOM	Lao PDR - DMH	Thailand - DWR	Viet Nam - NCHMF	NOAA data	China	Cambodia - DHRW	Cambodia - DOM	Lao PDR - DMH	Thailand - DWR	Viet Nam - NCHMF				
week	09:47	0	-	7	08:15	08:05	07:06	07:09	08:26	07:27	07:03	2	0	0	34	194	0	1				
month	09:53	0	-	24	08:08	07:49	07:08	07:07	08:16	07:27	07:09	3	0	2	34	705	1	4				
season	10:09	0	-	77	08:11	07:55	07:11	07:10	08:05	07:32	07:12	7	8	48	44	2584	2	166				

Week is the week for which this report is made; *Month* is actually the last 30 days (or less if the flood season has just begun); Season is the current flood season up to the date of this report.

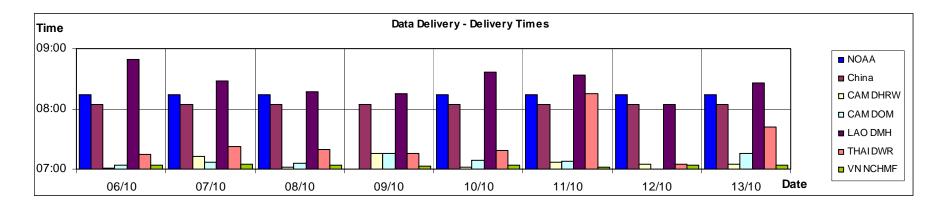


Figure B2: Data delivery times for the past 8 days including the current report date

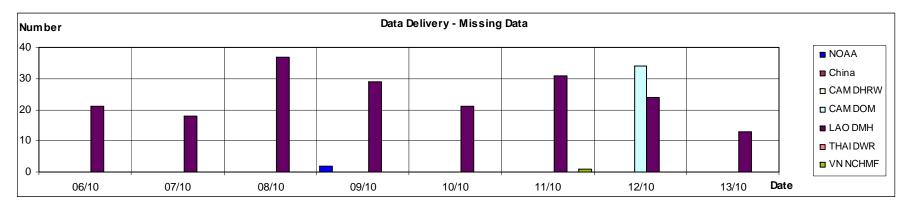
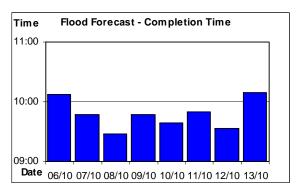
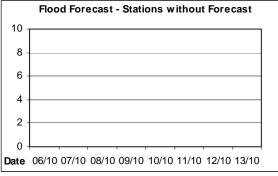


Figure B3: Missing data for the past 8 days including the current report date





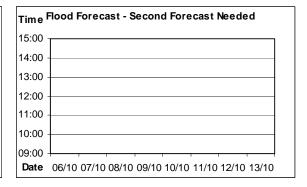


Figure B4: Flood forecast completion time

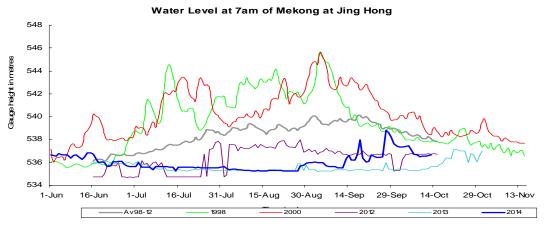
Figure B5: Flood forecast stations without forecast

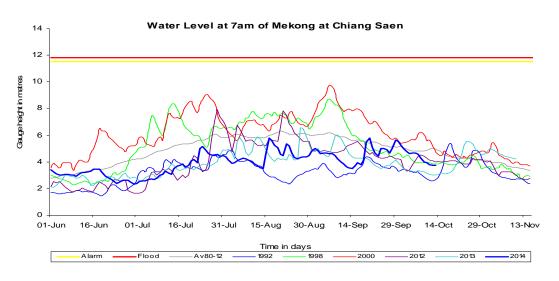
Figure B6: Second forecast needed

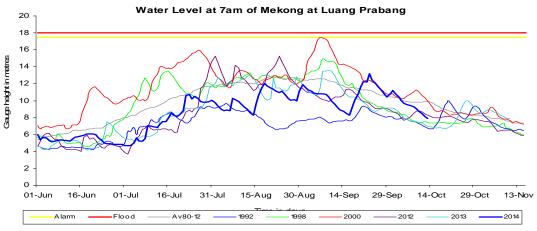
Annex C: Season Water Level Graphs

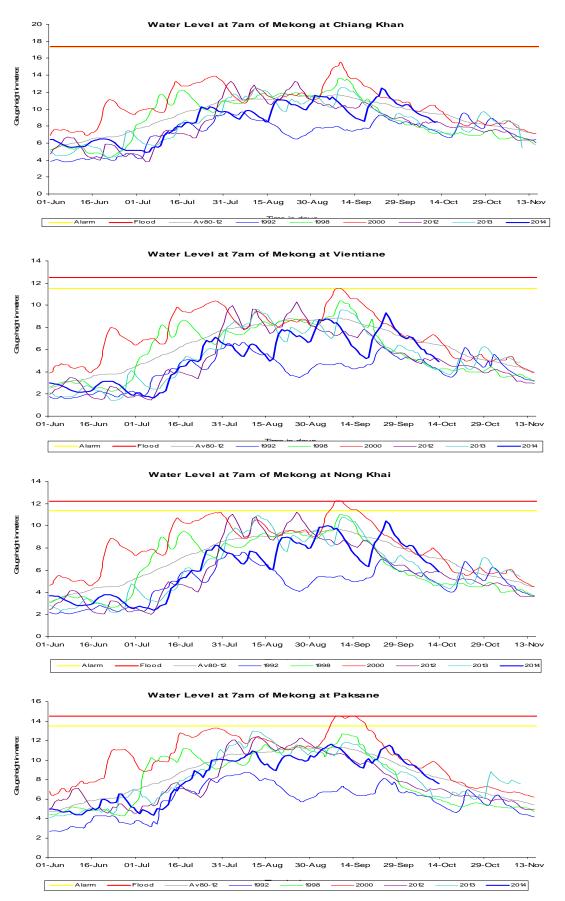
This Annex has the water level graphs of the report date. These graphs are distributed daily by email together with the Flood Bulletins.

HYDROGRAPHS OF THE MEKONG AT MAINSTREAM STATIONS IN FLOOD SEASON FROM 1 JUNE TO 31 OCTOBER

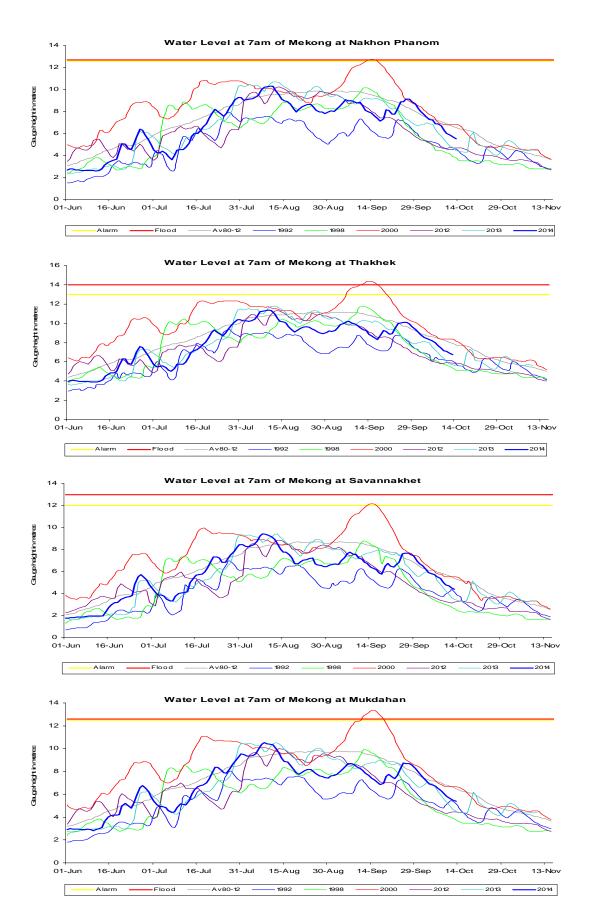


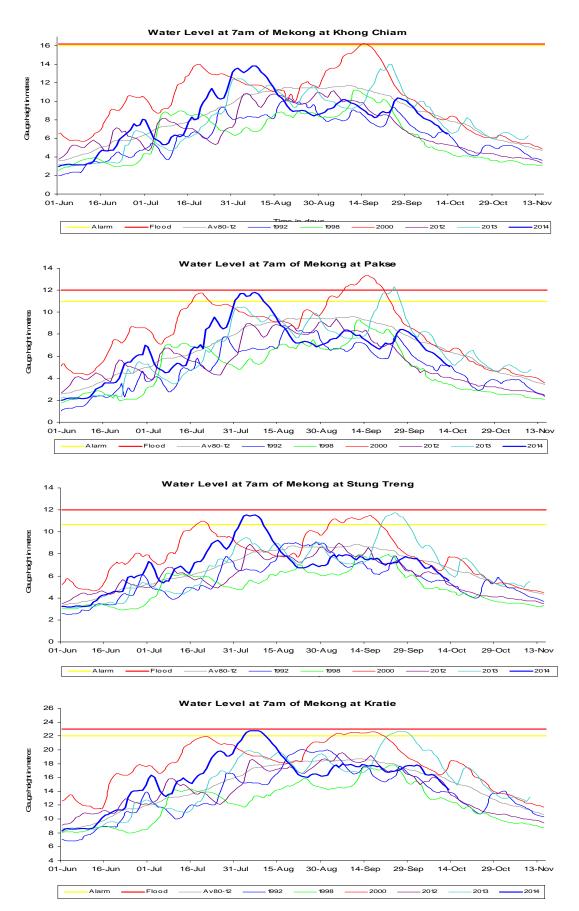






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